## CLIMATE AND RELIEF ANALYSIS

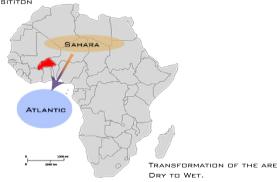
### LOCATION:

BURKINA FASO, OUAGADOUGOU - AFRICA



POSITION OF THE COUNTRY "BURKINA FASO" IS IN SEMI-ARID CLIMATE.

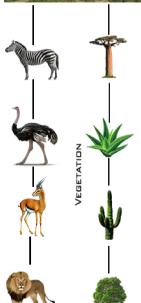
IT IS A CLIMATE TYPE WHICH CONNECTS THE WET AND DRY AREAS. NEGATIVE
SIDE OF THE LOCATION IS THAT LACKS WATER SUPPLY BECAUSE OF THE



### CLIMATE: SEMI-ARID CLIMATE (STEPPE CLIMATE)



HOT SEMI-ARIO CLIMATES (TYPE "SSH") TEND TO BE LOCATED IN THE 20S AND 30S LATITUDES OF THE (TROPICS AND SUBTROPICS), TYPICALLY IN PROXIMITY TO REGIONS WITH A TROPICAL SAVANNA OR A HUMID SUBTROPICAL CLIMATE. THESE CLIMATES TEND TO HAVE HOT, SOMETIMES EXTREMELY HOT, SUMMERS AND WARM TO COOL WINTERS, WITH SOME TO MINIMAL PRECIPITATION. HOT SEMI-ARIO CLIMATES ARE MOST COMMONLY FOUND AROUND THE FRINGES OF SUBTROPICAL DESERTS.



### GEOGRAPHY

The Sahel in the north typically receives less than 60 cm of rainfall per year and has high temperatures, 5–47  $^{\circ}$ C (41–117  $^{\circ}$ F).

#### - THE SAHEL

THE SAHEL "COAST, SHORE" IS THE ECOCLIMATIC AND BIDGEOGRAPHIC ZONE OF TRANSITION IN AFRICA BETWEEN THE SAHARA TO THE NORTH AND THE SUDANIAN SAVANNA TO THE SOUTH.



# REVIEW OF THE COUNTRY

# **DESCRIPTION**

Africa is a terrain where there is long summers and hard sunlight. Active wildlife and specific plants where we can't see anywhere else. Here are some analysis from the continent and country and how the transformation is made between dry to wet (Sahara to Atlantic) climate.